House Bill 1082 (AS PASSED HOUSE AND SENATE)

By: Representatives Powell of the 171<sup>st</sup>, Lindsey of the 54<sup>th</sup>, Williams of the 4<sup>th</sup>, Black of the 174<sup>th</sup>, Meadows of the 5<sup>th</sup>, and others

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Part 1 of Article 2 of Chapter 5 of Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia
- 2 Annotated, relating to ad valorem tax exemptions, so as to revise and change certain
- 3 provisions regarding applications for, waiver of, denial of, renewal of, and granting of
- 4 freeport exemptions; to provide for level 1 and level 2 freeport exemptions; to provide for
- 5 applicability to business inventory; to provide for procedures, conditions, and limitations; to
- 6 provide an effective date; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

8 SECTION 1.

- 9 Part 1 of Article 2 of Chapter 5 of Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated,
- 10 relating to ad valorem tax exemptions, is amended by revising Code Section 48-5-48.1,
- 11 relating to freeport exemption applications, waivers, denials, and renewals, as follows:
- 12 "48-5-48.1.

- 13 (a) Any person, firm, or corporation seeking an a level 1 freeport exemption from ad
- valorem taxation of certain tangible personal property inventory when such exemption has
- been authorized by the governing authority of any county or municipality after approval
- of the electors of such county or municipality pursuant to the authority of the Constitution
- of Georgia or Code Section 48-5-48.2 shall file a written application and schedule of
- property with the county board of tax assessors on forms furnished by such board. Such
- application shall be filed in the year in which exemption from taxation is sought no later
- than the date on which the tax receiver or tax commissioner of the county in which the
- 21 property is located closes his the books for the return of taxes.
- 22 (b) The application for the tangible personal property inventory level 1 freeport exemption
- shall provide for:
- 24 (1) A schedule of the inventory of goods in the process of manufacture or production
- 25 which shall include all partly finished goods and raw materials held for direct use or

consumption in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's manufacturing or production business in the State of Georgia;

- (2) A schedule of the inventory of finished goods manufactured or produced within the State of Georgia in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's manufacturing or production business when held by the original manufacturer or producer of such finished goods; and (3) A schedule of the inventory of finished goods which on January 1 are stored in a warehouse, dock, or wharf, whether public or private, and which are destined for shipment outside the State of Georgia and the inventory of finished goods which are shipped into the State of Georgia from outside this state and which are stored for transshipment to a final destination outside this state. The information required by Code Section 48-5-48.2 to be contained in the official books and records of the warehouse, dock, or wharf where such property is being stored, which official books and records are required to be open to the inspection of taxing authorities of this state and political subdivisions thereof, shall not be required to be included as a part of or to accompany the application for such exemption.
- (c)(1) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'file properly' shall mean and include the timely filing of the application and complete schedule of the inventory for which exemption is sought on or before the due date specified in subsection (a) of this Code section.
  - (2) The failure to file properly the application and schedule shall constitute a waiver of the exemption on the part of the person, firm, or corporation failing to make the application for such exemption for that year as follows:
    - (A) The failure to report any inventory for which such exemption is sought in the schedule provided for in the application shall constitute a waiver of the exemption on the part of the person, firm, or corporation failing to so report for that taxable year in an amount equal to the difference between fair market value of the inventory as reported and the fair market value finally determined to be applicable to the inventory for which the exemption is sought; and
    - (B) The failure to file timely such application and schedule shall constitute a waiver of the exemption until the first day of the month following the month such application and schedule are filed properly with the county tax assessor; provided, however, that unless the application and schedule are filed on or before June 1 of such year, the exemption shall be waived for that entire year.
- (d) Upon receiving the application required by this Code section, the county board of tax assessors shall determine the eligibility of all types of tangible personal property listed on the application. If any property has been listed which the board believes is not eligible for the exemption, the board shall issue a letter notifying the applicant that all or a portion of

the application has been denied. The denial letter shall list the type and total fair market value of all property listed on the application for which the exemption has been approved and the type and total fair market value of all property listed on the application for which the exemption has been denied. The applicant shall have the right to appeal from the denial of the exemption for any property listed and such appeal shall proceed as provided in Code Section 48-5-311. Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (c)(2)(A) of this Code section, the county board of assessors shall not send a second letter of notification denying the exemption of all or a portion of such property listed on the application on new grounds that could and should have been discerned at the time the initial denial letter was issued. (e) If the tangible personal property inventory level 1 freeport exemption has been granted to a taxpayer for a taxable year, the county board of tax assessors shall issue a notice of renewal to the taxpayer for the immediately following taxable year. Such notice of renewal shall be issued not later than January 15 of such immediately following taxable year to facilitate the filing of a timely application and schedule by the taxpayer for such taxable year."

78 SECTION 2.

Said part is further amended by revising Code Section 48-5-48.2, relating to the freeport exemption, as follows:

81 "48-5-48.2.

- 82 (a) This Code section shall be known and may be cited as the 'Level 1 Freeport
  83 Exemption.'
- 84 (b) As used in this Code section, the term:
  - (1) 'Destined for shipment to a final destination outside this state' includes means, for purposes of a level 1 freeport exemption, that portion or percentage of an inventory of finished goods which the taxpayer can establish, through a historical sales or shipment analysis, either of which utilizes information from the preceding calendar year, or other reasonable, documented method, is reasonably anticipated to be shipped to a final destination outside this state. Such other reasonable, documented method may only be utilized in the case of a new business, in the case of a substantial change in scope of an existing business, or in other unusual situations where a historical sales or shipment analysis does not adequately reflect future anticipated shipments to a final destination outside this state. It is not necessary that the actual final destination be known as of January 1 in order to qualify for the exemption.
- 96 (2) 'Finished goods' shall mean means, for purposes of a level 1 freeport exemption, 97 goods, wares, and merchandise of every character and kind but shall not include

unrecovered, unextracted, or unsevered natural resources or raw materials or goods in the process of manufacture or production or the stock in trade of a retailer.

- (3) 'Raw materials' shall mean means, for purposes of a level 1 freeport exemption, any material, whether crude or processed, that can be converted by manufacture, processing, or a combination thereof into a new and useful product but shall not include unrecovered, unextracted, or unsevered natural resources.
- (4) 'Stock in trade of a retailer' means, for purposes of a level 1 freeport exemption, finished goods held by one in the business of making sales of such goods at retail in this state, within the meaning of Chapter 8 of this title, when such goods are held or stored at a business location from which such retail sales are regularly made. Goods stored in a warehouse, dock, or wharf, including a warehouse or distribution center which is part of or adjoins a place of business from which retail sales are regularly made, shall not be considered stock in trade of a retailer to the extent that the taxpayer can establish, through a historical sales or shipment analysis, either of which utilizes information from the preceding calendar year, or other reasonable, documented method, the portion or percentage of such goods which is reasonably anticipated to be shipped outside this state for resale purposes.
- (b)(c) The governing authority of any county or municipality may, subject to the approval of the electors of such political subdivision, exempt from ad valorem taxation, including all such taxes levied for educational purposes and for state purposes, all or any combination of the following types of tangible personal property:
  - (1) Inventory of goods in the process of manufacture or production which shall include all partly finished goods and raw materials held for direct use or consumption in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's manufacturing or production business in this state. The exemption provided for in this paragraph shall apply only to tangible personal property which is substantially modified, altered, or changed in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's manufacturing, processing, or production operations in this state. For purposes of this paragraph, the cleaning, drying, pest control treatment, or segregation by grade of grain, peanuts or other oil seeds, or cotton shall constitute substantial modification in the course of processing or production operations. For purposes of this paragraph, remanufacture of aircraft engines or aircraft engine parts or components shall constitute manufacturing operations in this state. Remanufacture of aircraft engines or aircraft engine parts or components means the substantial overhauling or rebuilding of aircraft engines or aircraft engine parts or components;
  - (2) Inventory of finished goods manufactured or produced within this state in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's manufacturing or production business when held by the original manufacturer or producer of such finished goods. The exemption provided for

135 in this paragraph shall be for a period not exceeding 12 months from the date such property is produced or manufactured; or 136 137 (3) Inventory of finished goods which, on January 1, are stored in a warehouse, dock, or 138 wharf, whether public or private, and which are destined for shipment to a final 139 destination outside this state and inventory of finished goods which are shipped into this 140 state from outside this state and stored for transshipment to a final destination outside this 141 state. The exemption provided for in this paragraph shall be for a period not exceeding 142 12 months from the date such property is stored in this state. Such period shall be 143 determined based on application of a first-in, first-out method of accounting for the 144 inventory. The official books and records of the warehouse, dock, or wharf where such 145 property is being stored shall contain a full, true, and accurate inventory of all such 146 property, including the date of the receipt of the property, the date of the withdrawal of 147 the property, the point of origin of the property, and the point of final destination of the 148 same, if known. The official books and records of any such warehouse, dock, or wharf, 149 whether public or private, pertaining to any such property for which a freeport exemption 150 has been claimed shall be at all times open to the inspection of all taxing authorities of 151 this state and of any political subdivision of this state. 152 (c)(d) Whenever the governing authority of any county or municipality wishes to exempt 153 such tangible property from ad valorem taxation, as provided in this Code section, the 154 governing authority thereof shall notify the election superintendent of such political 155

such tangible property from ad valorem taxation, as provided in this Code section, the governing authority thereof shall notify the election superintendent of such political subdivision, and it shall be the duty of said election superintendent to issue the call for an election for the purpose of submitting to the electors of the political subdivision the question of whether such exemption shall be granted. The referendum ballot shall specify as separate questions the type or types of property as defined in this Code section which are being proposed to be exempted from taxation. The election superintendent shall issue the call and shall conduct the election on a date and in the manner authorized under Code Section 21-2-540.

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(d)(e) The governing authority of any county or municipality wherein an exemption has been approved by the voters as provided in this Code section may, by appropriate resolution, a copy of which shall be immediately transmitted to the state revenue commissioner, exempt from taxation 20 percent, 40 percent, 60 percent, 80 percent or all of the value of such tangible personal property as defined in this Code section; provided, however, that once an exemption has been granted, no reduction in the percent of the value of such property to be exempted may be made until and unless such exemption is revoked or repealed as provided in this Code section. An increase in the percent of the value of the property to be exempted may be accomplished by appropriate resolution of the governing authority of such county or municipality, and a copy thereof shall be immediately

transmitted to the state revenue commissioner, provided that such increase shall be in increments of 20 percent, 40 percent, 60 percent, or 80 percent of the value of such tangible personal property as defined in this Code section, within the discretion of such governing authority.

(e)(1)(f)(1) If more than one-half of the votes cast on such question are in favor of such exemption, then such exemption may be granted by the governing authority commencing on the first day of any ensuing calendar year; otherwise, such exemption may not be granted. This paragraph is intended to clearly provide that following approval of such exemption in such referendum, such exemption may be granted on the first day of any calendar year following the year in which such referendum was conducted. This paragraph shall not be construed to imply that the granting of such exemption could not previously be delayed to any such calendar year.

- (2) Exemptions may only be revoked by a referendum election called and conducted as provided in this Code section, provided that the call for such referendum shall not be issued within five years from the date such exemptions were first granted and, if the results of said election are in favor of the revocation of such exemptions, then such revocation shall be effective only at the end of a five-year period from the date of such referendum.
- 190 (g) Level 1 freeport exemptions effected pursuant to this Code section may be granted
  191 either in lieu of or in addition to level 2 freeport exemptions under Code Section 48-5-48.6.
  192 (f)(h) The commissioner shall by regulation adopt uniform procedures and forms for the
  193 use of local officials in the administration of this Code section."

194 SECTION 3.

195 Said part is further amended by adding new Code sections to read as follows:

196 "48-5-48.5.

(a) Any person, firm, or corporation seeking a level 2 freeport exemption from ad valorem taxation of certain tangible personal property inventory when such exemption has been authorized by the governing authority of any county or municipality after approval of the electors of such county or municipality pursuant to the authority of the Constitution of Georgia and Code Section 48-5-48.6 shall file a written application and schedule of property with the county board of tax assessors on forms furnished by such board. Such application shall be filed in the year in which exemption from taxation is sought no later than the date on which the tax receiver or tax commissioner of the county in which the property is located closes the books for the return of taxes.

(b) The application for the level 2 freeport exemption shall provide for a schedule of the inventory of finished goods held by one in the business of making sales of such goods in this state.

- (c)(1) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'file properly' shall mean and include the timely filing of the application and complete schedule of the inventory for which exemption is sought on or before the due date specified in subsection (a) of this Code section.
- (2) The failure to file properly the application and schedule shall constitute a waiver of the exemption on the part of the person, firm, or corporation failing to make the application for such exemption for that year as follows:
  - (A) The failure to report any inventory for which such exemption is sought in the schedule provided for in the application shall constitute a waiver of the exemption on the part of the person, firm, or corporation failing to so report for that taxable year in an amount equal to the difference between fair market value of the inventory as reported and the fair market value finally determined to be applicable to the inventory for which the exemption is sought; and
- (B) The failure to file timely such application and schedule shall constitute a waiver of the exemption until the first day of the month following the month such application and schedule are filed properly with the county tax assessor; provided, however, that unless the application and schedule are filed on or before June 1 of such year, the exemption shall be waived for that entire year.

(d) Upon receiving the application required by this Code section, the county board of tax assessors shall determine the eligibility of all types of tangible personal property listed on the application. If any property has been listed which the board believes is not eligible for the exemption, the board shall issue a letter notifying the applicant that all or a portion of the application has been denied. The denial letter shall list the type and total fair market value of all property listed on the application for which the exemption has been approved and the type and total fair market value of all property listed on the application for which the exemption has been denied. The applicant shall have the right to appeal from the denial of the exemption for any property listed and such appeal shall proceed as provided in Code Section 48-5-311. Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (c)(2)(A) of this Code section, the county board of assessors shall not send a second letter of notification denying the exemption of all or a portion of such property listed on the application on new grounds that could and should have been discerned at the time the initial denial letter was issued. (e) If the level 2 freeport exemption has been granted to a taxpayer for a taxable year, the county board of tax assessors shall issue a notice of renewal to the taxpayer for the immediately following taxable year. Such notice of renewal shall be issued not later than

January 15 of such immediately following taxable year to facilitate the filing of a timely application and schedule by the taxpayer for such taxable year.

- 245 <u>48-5-48.6.</u>
- 246 (a) This Code section shall be known and may be cited as the 'Level 2 Freeport
- 247 Exemption.'
- 248 (b) As used in this Code section, the term 'finished goods' means, for purposes of a level 2
- 249 <u>freeport exemption</u>, goods, wares, and merchandise of every character and kind
- 250 constituting a business's inventory which would not otherwise qualify for a level 1 freeport
- 251 <u>exemption</u>.
- 252 (c) The governing authority of any county or municipality may, subject to the approval of
- 253 <u>the electors of such political subdivision, exempt from ad valorem taxation, including all</u>
- such taxes levied for educational purposes and for state purposes, inventory of finished
- 255 goods.
- 256 (d) Whenever the governing authority of any county or municipality wishes to exempt
- such tangible property from ad valorem taxation, as provided in this Code section, the
- 258 governing authority thereof shall notify the election superintendent of such political
- 259 <u>subdivision</u>, and it shall be the duty of said election superintendent to issue the call for an
- 260 election for the purpose of submitting to the electors of the political subdivision the
- 261 question of whether such exemption shall be granted. The referendum ballot shall specify
- 262 <u>retail business inventory as the types of property as defined in this Code section which are</u>
- being proposed to be exempted from taxation. The election superintendent shall issue the
- 264 call and shall conduct the election on a date and in the manner authorized under Code
- 265 <u>Section 21-2-540.</u>
- 266 (e) The governing authority of any county or municipality wherein an exemption has been
- approved by the voters as provided in this Code section may, by appropriate resolution, a
- 268 copy of which shall be immediately transmitted to the state revenue commissioner, exempt
- 269 from taxation 20 percent, 40 percent, 60 percent, 80 percent or all of the value of such
- 270 <u>tangible personal property as defined in this Code section; provided, however, that once</u>
- 271 <u>an exemption has been granted, no reduction in the percent of the value of such property</u>
- 272 to be exempted may be made until and unless such exemption is revoked or repealed as
- 273 provided in this Code section. An increase in the percent of the value of the property to be
- 274 <u>exempted may be accomplished by appropriate resolution of the governing authority of</u>
- such county or municipality, and a copy thereof shall be immediately transmitted to the
- 276 state revenue commissioner, provided that such increase shall be in increments of 20
- percent, 40 percent, 60 percent, or 80 percent of the value of such tangible personal
- 278 property as defined in this Code section, within the discretion of such governing authority.

279 (f)(1) If more than one-half of the votes cast on such question are in favor of such exemption, then such exemption may be granted by the governing authority commencing 280 281 on the first day of any ensuing calendar year; otherwise, such exemption may not be 282 granted. This paragraph is intended to clearly provide that following approval of such 283 exemption in such referendum, such exemption may be granted on the first day of any 284 calendar year following the year in which such referendum was conducted. This 285 paragraph shall not be construed to imply that the granting of such exemption could not 286 previously be delayed to any such calendar year. 287 (2) Exemptions may only be revoked by a referendum election called and conducted as provided in this Code section, provided that the call for such referendum shall not be 288 289 issued within five years from the date such exemptions were first granted and, if the 290 results of said election are in favor of the revocation of such exemptions, then such 291 revocation shall be effective only at the end of a five-year period from the date of such 292 referendum. (g) Level 2 freeport exemptions effected pursuant to this Code section may be granted 293 294 either in lieu of or in addition to level 1 freeport exemptions under Code Section 48-5-48.2. 295 (h) The commissioner shall by regulation adopt uniform procedures and forms for the use of local officials in the administration of this Code section." 296

**SECTION 4.** 

This Act shall become effective upon its approval by the Governor or upon its becoming law without such approval.

300 SECTION 5.

301 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.